CBCS SCHEME

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18EC36

# Third Semester B.E. Degree Examination, Aug./Sept.2020 **Power Electronics and Instrumentation**

Max. Marks: 100

## Time: 3 hrs. Note: Answer any FIVE full questions, choosing ONE full question from each module. Module-1 Define power electronics. Mention the different power electronic circuits. (04 Marks) With the help of the static V-I characteristics, explain the three modes of operation of the SCR. (10 Marks) Explain class-B commutation with necessary circuit diagram and waveforms. (06 Marks) OR 2 Define commutation. Differentiate between natural and forced commutation. (06 Marks) Explain the gate characteristics of the SCR. b. (04 Marks) Explain the working of a UJT fixing circuit for a full wave rectifier using SCR with C. necessary circuit diagram and waveforms. (10 Marks) Module-2 3 Differentiate between uncontrolled and controlled rectifier. a. (04 Marks) Explain the operation of single-phase full converter with resistive load with necessary circuit diagram and waveforms. Derive the expression for the average and rms output voltage. (10 Marks) Explain the operation of step-up chopper. (06 Marks) OR With necessary circuit diagram and waveforms, explain the working of single phase half wave converter with inductive load. (10 Marks) Explain the working of step-down chopper. (06 Marks) c. Explain the effect of freewheeling diode. (04 Marks) Module-3 Explain the working of single phase full bridge inverter with necessary circuit diagram and waveforms. b. Define the following terms as applied to an electronic instrument: i) Accuracy

- (08 Marks)

  - Precision 11)
  - iii) Resolution

(06 Marks)

Sketch and explain the operation of a multirange ammeter.

(06 Marks)

### OR

- Explain the working of isolated forward SMPS with necessary circuit diagram. 6 (08 Marks)
  - Calculate series connected multiplier resistance with D'Arsonal movement with an internal resistance of  $50\Omega$  and full scale deflection current of 2mA when converted into a multirange d.c. voltmeter with ranges from 0-20V, 0-40V, 0-150V and 0-200V. (08 Marks)
  - Briefly explain the Gross error and absolute error with an example.

(04 Marks)

# Module-4

- 7 a. Discuss the operation of dual slope integrating type DVM with the help of block diagram.

  (08 Mark
  - b. Explain an unbalanced Wheatstone bridge circuit. Determine the amount of deflection due to unbalance of Wheatstone bridge. (08 Marks)
    - c. An inductance comparison bridge is used to measure inductive impedance at a frequency of 5Hz. The bridge constants at balance are  $L_3 = 10 \text{mH}$ ,  $R_1 = 10 \text{K}\Omega$ ,  $R_2 = 40 \text{K}\Omega$ ,  $R_3 = 100 \text{K}\Omega$ . Find the equivalent series circuit of an unknown impedance. (04 Marks)

# OR

- 8 a. Explain the working of a digital frequency meter with the help of a block diagram. (10 Marks)
  - b. Explain the operation of the Wein's bridge with a neat circuit diagram. Derive an expression for the frequency. (07 Marks)
  - c. If the three arms of a Wheatstone's bridge have the resistances  $R_1 = 2K\Omega$ ,  $R_2 = 10K\Omega$  and  $R_3 = 40K\Omega$ . Find the unknown resistance. (03 Marks)

# Module-5

- 9 a. Explain the construction, working principle and operation of LVDT. Show the characteristics curve. (10 Marks)
  - b. Mention the advantages and limitations of thermistor.

(04 Marks) (06 Marks)

c. Briefly explain the analog weight scale.

#### OR

- 10 a. Explain the structure and operation of programmable logic controller. (07 Marks)
  - b. Explain the operation of resistive position transducer.

- (05 Marks)
- c. Derive an expression for the gauge factor of bonded resistance wire strain gauge. (08 Marks)
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